Brampton Parish Neighbourhood Plan

Housing Need and Characteristics Report

September 2018

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BRAMPTON PARISH NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN HOUSING NEED AND CHARACTERISTICS

Introduction

This report provides an assessment of housing need and characteristics in the Parish of Brampton in North East Derbyshire District.

It draws on the latest available data, at the time of writing, from the Census, Land Registry and Office for National Statistics, small area model-based income estimates and others as well as the findings from local consultation exercises.

Its primary aim is to help the Neighbourhood Plan Steering Group, the Parish Council and others better understand local housing need and characteristics to inform and support policies in the neighbourhood plan.

It should be stressed that it provides an assessment of housing needs and characteristics, its findings should be viewed as providing guidance prepared in good faith and based on the best available evidence, as national planning policy guidance states, "establishing housing need is not an exact science, and no single approach will provide a definitive answer!".

Population Age Profile

According to the 2011 Census, the Brampton Parish had an estimated population of 1,201 residents living in 511 households dispersed across 2,104 hectares, equating to a population density of 0.6 persons per hectare. This compares with 3.6 for the (North East Derbyshire) district, 2.9 for the (East Midlands) region and 4.1 for England as a whole. There were 20 vacant dwellings representing a 3.8% vacancy rate. There were 4 communal establishments providing accommodation for 43 residents. Since 2001 the number of residents living in the Parish is estimated to have increased by around 3.9% (43 people). The number of dwellings (occupied and vacant) increased, rising by 31 (6.2%).

At the time of the 2011 Census, around 13% of residents were aged under 16 which was below the district (16%), region (18%) and England (19%) rates. Around 58% of residents were aged between 16 and 64 which was lower than the district (62%), region (64%) and England (65%) rates. Older people (aged 65+) represented 29% of total residents which was above district (21%), region (17%) and England (16%) rates. The median age was 52 compared with 45 for the district and 40 for the region and 39 for England as a whole.

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¹ https://www.gov.uk/guidance/housing-and-economic-development-needs-assessments

Table 1: Usual Residents by Age Band, 2011

| | Brampton | | NE Derbyshire | East Midlands | England |
|---------------------|----------|-------|------------------|------------------|---------|
| | No | % | % | % | % |
| Aged 0-4 | 38 | 3.2 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 6.3 |
| Aged 5-15 | 118 | 9.8 | 11.6 | 12.5 | 12.6 |
| Aged 16-64 | 695 | 58.0 | 62.0 | 64.0 | 64.8 |
| Aged 65+ | 350 | 29.1 | 21.1 | 17.1 | 16.3 |
| All Usual Residents | 1,201 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Median age | 52 | | 45 | 40 | 39 |

Source: Census 2011, KS102

A more detailed breakdown of age bands reveals that at the time of the 2011 Census, Brampton had a higher proportion of older residents, particularly amongst those aged 70-79 and 60 and 69.

20.0 18.0 16.0 14.0 12.0 of Total 10.0 8.0 6.0 4.0 2.0 0.0 10-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69 70-79 ■ Brampton ■ NE Derbyshire ■ East Midlands ■ England

Figure 1 Population by 10 year age bands, 2011

Source: Census 2011, QS103

There is evidence of an ageing population with the proportion of residents aged 65 and over increasing from 26% of the total population in 2001 to 29% in 2011. The Census shows the number of residents aged 65+ rose by 17% (51 people) during this period.

Research shows the number of older people will grow significantly in the future and relative growth will be highest in older cohorts. Latest available population projections² suggest that NE Derbyshire's 65 plus age group is forecast to grow by around 40% between 2014 and 2034 and will represent 32% of total population.

Deprivation

The English Indices of Deprivation measure relative levels of deprivation in 32,844 small areas or neighbourhoods, called Lower-layer Super Output Areas (LSOAs) in England. The Brampton Parish is situated within one LSOA

² Subnational Population Projections for Local Authorities in England: 2014 based

(E01019771). However, it should be noted that the LSOA boundary also includes parts of Holymoorside.

The overall Index of Multiple Deprivation Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs) (IMD) shows the Parish displays relatively low levels of deprivation ranking in the 7^{th} decile.

Figure 2 illustrates the varying levels of deprivation in the Parish according to the 2015 Index of Multiple Deprivation deciles.

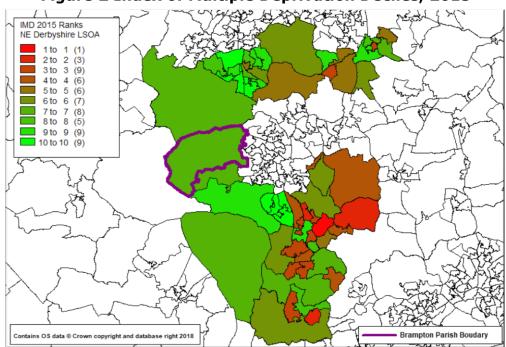
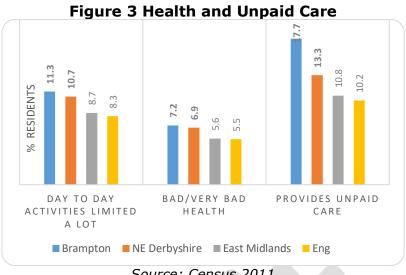


Figure 2 Index of Multiple Deprivation Deciles, 2015

Health

The Census highlights ill health and disability is an issue for some residents. Figure 3 shows that at 7.2% the proportion of residents reporting to be in bad or very bad health was above the district (6.9%), region (5.6%) and England (5.5%) rates. Brampton residents are more likely to have their day to day activities limited due to ill health. They are also more likely to be caring for others with 17.7% of residents providing unpaid care which was higher than the district (13.3%), region (10.8%) and England (10.2%) rates. Of the 212 residents providing unpaid care more than 12% were providing this service for more than 50 hours per week.



Source: Census 2011

Economic Activity

The following table illustrates the working status of usual residents aged 16 to 74. At 65% Brampton's economic activity rate was lower than the district (73%), region (69%) and England (70%) rates. At the time of the Census, the Parish had a higher than average representation of people in selfemployment and a low level of unemployed residents. There was also a high propensity of residents who were economically inactive due to retirement.

Table 2: Economic Activity and Inactivity, 2011

| | Brampton | | NE Derbyshire | East Midlands | England |
|--|------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---------|
| | No | % | % | % | % |
| All Usual Residents Aged 16 to 74 | 867 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Economically Active Total | 562 | 64.8 | <i>73.5</i> | 69.3 | 69.9 |
| Employee, Part-time | 129 | 14.9 | 13.9 | 14.4 | 13.7 |
| Employee, Full-time | 242 | 27.9 | 44.6 | 38.8 | 38.6 |
| Self Employed | 161 | 18.6 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 9.8 |
| Unemployed | 20 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 4.4 |
| Full-time Student (econ active) | 10 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| Economically inactive Total | <i>305</i> | 35.2 | 26.5 | 30.7 | 30.1 |
| Retired | 192 | 22.1 | 14.7 | 15.0 | 13.7 |
| Student (including Full-Time Students) | 35 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| Looking After Home or Family | 30 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| Long-Term Sick or Disabled | 35 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 4.1 | 4.0 |
| Other | 13 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.2 |

Source: Census 2011, QS601E

Household Size

At the time of the 2011 Census, the average household size was 2.3 people, which was in line with the district and region rate but slightly lower than the 2.4 England average. The average number of rooms per household stood at 6.5 which was above the district (5.6), region (5.6) and England (5.4) rates.

The average number of bedrooms per household stood at 3.1 which was higher than the district, region (2.8) and England (2.7) rates.

Housing Characteristics

Tenure

Home ownership is high with around 80% of households their homes outright or with a mortgage or loan. This is somewhat higher than the district (71%), region (67%) and England (63%) rates. Around three fifths (63%) of homeowners own their homes outright.

Some 9% of households live in private rented accommodation which is higher than the district (7%) but lower than the region (15%) and England (17%) averages. Just 10% of households live in social rented accommodation which is somewhat lower than the district (20%), region (16%) and England (18%) rates.

Table 3: Tenure, 2011

| | Brampton | | NE Derbyshire | East Midlands | England |
|---|----------|-------|------------------|------------------|---------|
| | No | % | % | % | % |
| All occupied Households | 511 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Owned; Owned Outright | 260 | 50.9 | 38.2 | 32.8 | 30.6 |
| Owned; Owned with a Mortgage or Loan | 150 | 29.4 | 32.6 | 34.5 | 32.8 |
| Shared Ownership (Part Owned/Part Rented) | 1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Social Rented; Rented from Council (Local Authority) | 44 | 8.6 | 18.1 | 10.1 | 9.4 |
| Social Rented; Other | 5 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 5.7 | 8.3 |
| Private Rented; Private Landlord or Letting Agency | 37 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 13.6 | 15.4 |
| Private Rented; Other | 7 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Living Rent Free | 7 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.3 |

Source: Census 2011, KS402EW

Accommodation Type

Data from the 2011 Census shows that at 64% detached dwellings represent the largest share of household spaces which was above district (36%), region (32%) and England (22%) averages. There is an underrepresentation of semi-detached, flats and apartment homes when compared to the district, region and England shares.

Table 4: Accommodation Type, 2011

| | Brampton | | NE Derbyshire | East Midlands | England |
|---|----------|-------|------------------|------------------|---------|
| | No | % | % | % | % |
| All household spaces (occupied + vacant) | 531 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Detached | 340 | 64.0 | 36.4 | 32.2 | 22.3 |
| Semi-Detached | 122 | 23.0 | 43.5 | 35.1 | 30.7 |
| Terraced | 50 | 9.4 | 13.4 | 20.6 | 24.5 |
| Flat, Maisonette or Apartment | 19 | 3.6 | 6.2 | 11.7 | 22.1 |
| Caravan or Other Mobile or Temporary Structure | - | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 |

Source: Census 2011, KS405EW

Number of Bedrooms and Occupancy Rates

There is a higher than average proportion of homes with four or more bedrooms. At the time of the 2011 Census, 32% of occupied households had four or more bedrooms a rate which is significantly higher than the district (18%), region (20%) and England (19%) rates. There is a low representation of housing for single people with 5% of dwellings having one bedroom against 6% for the district, 8% for the region and 12% for England.

Table 5 Households by number of bedrooms, 2011

| Bedrooms | Brampton | | NE Derbyshire | East Midlands | England |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------|------------------|------------------|---------|
| All occupied Household Spaces | 511 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| No Bedrooms | - | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 1 Bedroom | 25 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 8.1 | 11.8 |
| 2 Bedrooms | 110 | 21.5 | 28.6 | 26.5 | 27.9 |
| 3 Bedrooms | 211 | 41.3 | 47.7 | 45.4 | 41.2 |
| 4 Bedrooms | 119 | 23.3 | 14.6 | 15.4 | 14.4 |
| 5 or More Bedrooms | 46 | 9.0 | 3.3 | 4.4 | 4.6 |

Source: Census 2011, LC4405EW

There is evidence of under-occupancy in the Parish (having more bedrooms than the notional number recommended by the bedroom standard). Analysis of the 2011 Census shows that 55% of all occupied households have two or more spare bedrooms and over 31% have one spare bedroom. Under occupancy is higher than the district, regional and England rates.

100% 90% 18.6 80% 30.7 70% % households 60% 39.3 36.1 34.4 50% 30% 40.2 20% 38.8 34.3 10% East Midlands North Fast England Brampton Derbyshire

Figure 4: Bedroom Occupancy Rates, All Households, 2011

■+2 or more ■+1 ■0 ■-1 ■-2 or less

Source: Census 2011, QS412EW

Under occupancy in the Parish is particularly evident in larger properties with over half (52% of households with 4 or more bedrooms occupied by just one or two people. This compares with 45% for the district, 43% for the region and 41% nationally.

Table 6 Household with 4 or more bedrooms by household size, 2011

| | Brampton | | NE Derbyshire | East Midlands | England |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------|------------------|------------------|---------|
| HHs with 4 or more bedrooms | 165 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1 person in household | 22 | 13.3 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10.6 |
| 2 people in household | 64 | 38.8 | 34.5 | 32.3 | 30.3 |
| 3 people in household | 35 | 21.2 | 19.6 | 18.8 | 18.3 |
| 4 or more people in household | 44 | 26.7 | 35.5 | 38.5 | 40.8 |

Source: Census 2011, LC4405EW

Census data also suggests that older person households are more likely to under-occupy their dwellings. Data from the 2011 Census allows us to investigate this using the bedroom standard. In total, around 55% of pensioner households have at least two more bedrooms than is technically required by the household) and is higher than the 51% non-pensioner household rate.

100% 90% 80% 29.2 30.4 30.7 70% households 31.4 60% 50% 40% 63.6 30% 58.2 51.5 20% 10% All households pensioner single pensioner non pensioner households household households ■+2 =+1 ■ 0 ■ -1

Figure 5: Bedroom Occupancy rating of Older Person Households, 2011

Source: Census 2011, LC4105EW

There is little evidence of overcrowding in the Parish with just 1% of households having at least one bedroom too few than is technically required. Households with dependent children are more likely to be overcrowded.

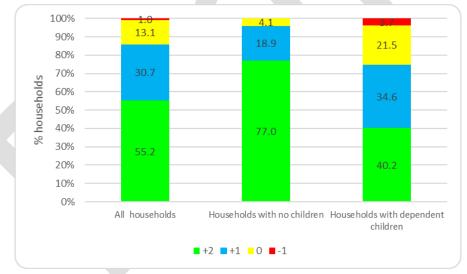


Figure 6: Bedroom Occupancy rating of Family Households, 2011

Source: Census 2011, LC4105EW

Housing Market

Council Tax Bands

The chart below provides a breakdown of the proportion of dwellings in the local area (based on LSOA E01019771 which also takes in Holymooride) by Council Tax Band compared to the district, region and England averages at 2017. Domestic properties with Council Tax Band D make up the largest group (19% of the total). It has a high proportion of properties with high-value council tax bands with 23% of dwellings having a Council Tax Band F or above against 5% for the district and region and 9% for England as a whole.

Figure 7: Dwelling Stock by Council Tax Band, 2017

Council Tax: Table CTSOP 4.1, Stock of Properties, England and Wales, 2017 VOA

An analysis of annual publications from the Valuation Office Agency (VOA) which provides a series of tables on the number of properties by Council Tax band for each property type and build period indicates that the majority of domestic properties in Brampton (23%) were built before 1900 (16% England).

Figure 8 provides a breakdown of properties by built period and shows evidence of a small number of new homes being built during recent years. There are no records of dwellings having been built between 1939 and 1945 due to the Second World War. In some cases, the period when the property was built has not been recorded on the VOA system, equating to around 6% of the total number of properties.

Please note the Stock of Properties data is derived by using LSOA boundary geography which best fits the Parish boundary as referred to in the Deprivation section.

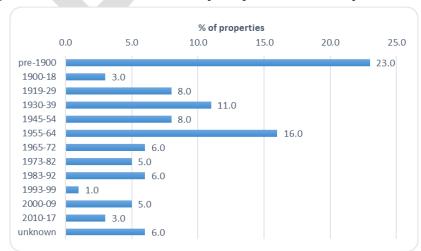
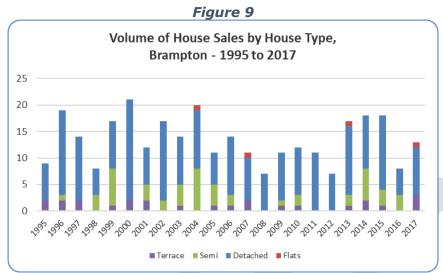


Figure 8 Build Period of Property in the Brampton Parish

Council Tax: Table CTSOP 4.1, Stock of Properties, England and Wales, 2017 VOA

Residential Sales

Land Registry price paid data shows around 309 residential property sales were recorded in the Parish between 1995 and 2017. Detached dwellings accounted for the largest share of residential sales, representing 74% of total sales; 16% were semi-detached, 8% terraced and 1% flats and apartments. It should be noted that not all sales are captured by the Land Registry, for example, properties that were not full market value, right to buy and compulsory purchase orders will be excluded.



Data produced by Land Registry © Crown copyright 2017 (data available at 16.9.18)

There is evidence of a small number of new build housing in the local area with 5 new build residential sales recorded between 1995 and 2017, representing just 1.6% of total recorded sales. Detached housing represented 20% of new build sales; semi-detached 40%; terraced 20% and flats/apartments 20%.

The average house price is high. At £466,000 in 2017, it was more than

double the district average (£200,343) and more than half again the England average (£292,868).

Volume of New Build Homes by Type
Brampton - 1995 to 2017

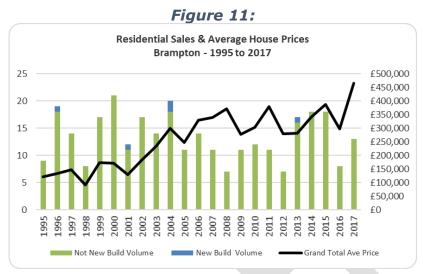
Terrace, 1, Detached, 1,
20%

Flats, 1, 20%

Semi, 2, 40%

Figure 10

It should be noted that not all new builds will be captured in Land Registry price paid data, e.g. some conversions and social housing units will be excluded. Figure 11: shows the volume of sales together with the overall annual average house price.



Data produced by Land Registry © Crown copyright 2017 (data available at 16.9.18)

Housing Affordability

The publication of ONS House Price Statistics for Small Areas presents an opportunity for detailed housing affordability analysis.

The data reveals the cost of an entry-level³ property on average across England and Wales has increased by almost 20% in the last decade, to £140,000 (year ending June 2016). For new properties, the price was nearly £180,000. The data⁴ also shows that home-ownership prospects vary across the country.

In Brampton Parish area⁵ a low to mid-priced property costs on average £164,950 which is above the national average. Assuming a 15% deposit⁶, those entering the property market in the area would require a household income of £31,157 (£26,444 E&W average) and savings of £27,542 which is a challenge for many households.

Prospective buyers of an entry level property in Brampton would require an estimated £2,000 for legal and moving costs, £799 stamp duty and £24,573 for a 15% deposit, coming to £27,542 in total.

³ The term 'entry level' or 'low to mid-priced property' refers to the lower quartile price paid for residential properties. If all properties sold in a year were ranked from highest to lowest, this would be the value half way between the bottom and the middle.

⁴ Property price data are for year ending June 2016 and are from House Price Statistics for Small Areas. Income data are for financial year ending 2014 and are from small area model-based income estimates.

⁵ The Holme Valley Parish area is based on best fit to MSOA E02002329

⁶ <u>Data from the Council of Mortgage Lenders</u> suggest that the average deposit paid by first-time buyers in the UK was around 18% in December 2016.

NE Derbyshire Council Strategic Policies

Community Consultation

To be added

Summary of Future Housing Need and Characteristics

At the time of the 2011 Census, Brampton Parish was home to around 1,201 residents living in 511 households. Analysis of the Census suggests that between 2001 and 2011 the Parish population grew by around 4% (43 people). During this period, the number of dwellings rose by 6% (31).

There is an over propensity of older people and evidence of an ageing population with the proportion of residents aged 65 and over increasing from 26% of the total population in 2001 to 29% in 2011. The Census shows the number of residents aged 65+ rose by 17% (51 people) during this period. In line with national trends, the local population is likely to get older as average life expectancy continues to rise.

The Census also shows that ill health and disability is an issue for some residents and a higher than the average propensity of residents provide unpaid care.

Home ownership levels are high, and a significant proportion of these own their homes outright.

The average house price is high. At £466,000 in 2017, it was more than double the district average (£200,343) and more than half again the England average (£292,868).

There is evidence of under-occupancy in some households. Under occupancy levels suggest a need for smaller homes of one to two bedrooms which would be suitable for residents needing to downsize, small families and those entering the housing market. Providing suitable accommodation for elderly residents will enable them to remain in the local community and release under-occupied larger properties onto the market which would be suitable for growing families.

Conclusions

To be added